

SAFETY DATA SHEET Clorox® Total 360 Disinfecting Spray

According to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex II, as amended.

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Product name Clorox® Total 360 Disinfecting Spray

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses Disinfectant.

Uses advised against No specific uses advised against are identified.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier CBee (Europe) Ltd.

Eton House 2nd Floor

18 - 24 Paradise Road

Richmond TW9 1SE

Tel: + 44 (0) 208 614 7120 Fax: + 44 (0) 208 940 2040 consumerservices@clorox.co.uk

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone +44 (0) 808 234 6903

Monday - Thursday:- 09:00 - 17:30

Friday:- 09:00 - 17:00

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (EC 1272/2008)

Physical hazards Not Classified

Health hazards Eye Irrit. 2 - H319

Environmental hazards Not Classified

2.2. Label elements

Pictogram



Signal word Warning

Hazard statements H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

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Precautionary statements P102 Keep out of reach of children.

P264 Wash contaminated skin thoroughly after handling.

P280 Wear eye protection.

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove

contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P337+P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ attention.

Detergent labelling

< 5% disinfectants, < 5% non-ionic surfactants

2.3. Other hazards

This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures

Tetrasodium ethylenediaminetetraacetate

1 - <2.5%

CAS number: 64-02-8 EC number: 200-573-9

Classification

Acute Tox. 4 - H302 Acute Tox. 4 - H332 Eye Dam. 1 - H318

Alcohols, C12-15, ethoxylated

0.25 - < 0.5%

CAS number: 68131-39-5 EC number: 500-195-7

M factor (Acute) = 1

Classification

Aquatic Acute 1 - H400 Aquatic Chronic 3 - H412

Quaternary ammonium compounds, benzyl-C12-18-

0.025 - < 0.25%

alkyldimethyl, chlorides

M factor (Acute) = 10

Classification

Acute Tox. 4 - H302 Skin Corr. 1B - H314 Eye Dam. 1 - H318 Aquatic Acute 1 - H400

Quaternary ammonium compounds, C12-14-alkyl[(ethylphenyl)methyl]dimethyl, chlorides

0.025 - < 0.25%

CAS number: 85409-23-0 EC number: 287-090-7

M factor (Acute) = 10

Classification

Acute Tox. 4 - H302 Acute Tox. 4 - H312 Skin Corr. 1B - H314 Eye Dam. 1 - H318 Aquatic Acute 1 - H400

sodium hydroxide 0.025 - <0.25%

CAS number: 1310-73-2 EC number: 215-185-5

Classification

Skin Corr. 1A - H314 Eye Dam. 1 - H318

Ethanol 0.025 - <0.25%

CAS number: 64-17-5 EC number: 200-578-6

Classification

Flam. Liq. 2 - H225

Amines, C12-18-alkyldimethyl <0.025%

Classification

Acute Tox. 4 - H302 Skin Corr. 1B - H314 Eye Dam. 1 - H318 Aquatic Acute 1 - H400 Aquatic Chronic 1 - H410

The full text for all hazard statements is displayed in Section 16.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General information

Get medical attention immediately. Show this Safety Data Sheet to the medical personnel.

Inhalation

Remove affected person from source of contamination. Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as collar, tie or belt. When breathing is difficult, properly trained personnel may assist affected person by administering oxygen. Place unconscious person on their side in the recovery position and ensure breathing can take place.

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Ingestion Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Do not induce vomiting unless under the direction of

medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Place unconscious person on their side in the recovery position and ensure breathing can take

place. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as collar, tie or belt.

Skin contact Remove contaminated clothing immediately and wash skin with soap and water. Continue to

rinse for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention if symptoms are severe or persist after

washing.

Eye contact Remove any contact lenses and open eyelids wide apart. Continue to rinse for at least 15

minutes. Get medical attention if symptoms are severe or persist after washing.

Protection of first aiders First aid personnel should wear appropriate protective equipment during any rescue. Wash

contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it from the affected person, or

wear gloves. It may be dangerous for first aid personnel to carry out mouth-to-mouth

resuscitation.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

General information The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and the

length of exposure.

Inhalation Irritation of nose, throat and airway. Prolonged inhalation of high concentrations may damage

respiratory system.

Ingestion May cause stomach pain or vomiting. Fumes from the stomach contents may be inhaled,

resulting in the same symptoms as inhalation.

Skin contact Prolonged and frequent contact may cause redness and irritation.

Eye contact Irritating to eyes. Redness.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

length of exposure.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media The product is not flammable. Extinguish with alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide, dry

powder or water fog. Use fire-extinguishing media suitable for the surrounding fire.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards Containers can burst violently or explode when heated, due to excessive pressure build-up.

Hazardous combustion

products

Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances: Oxides of carbon. Toxic gases or vapours.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Protective actions during firefighting

Avoid breathing fire gases or vapours. Evacuate area. Cool containers exposed to heat with water spray and remove them from the fire area if it can be done without risk. Cool containers exposed to flames with water until well after the fire is out. If a leak or spill has not ignited, use water spray to disperse vapours and protect men stopping the leak. Avoid breathing fire gases or vapours. Control run-off water by containing and keeping it out of sewers and

watercourses. If risk of water pollution occurs, notify appropriate authorities.

Special protective equipment for firefighters

Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and appropriate protective clothing. Firefighter's clothing conforming to European standard EN469 (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions

Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel away from the spillage. No action shall be taken without appropriate training or involving any personal risk. Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Follow precautions for safe handling described in this safety data sheet. Wash thoroughly after dealing with a spillage. Ensure procedures and training for emergency decontamination and disposal are in place. Do not touch or walk into spilled material.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions

Avoid discharge into drains or watercourses or onto the ground. Contain spillage with sand, earth or other suitable non-combustible material.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up

Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Clear up spills immediately and dispose of waste safely. Neutralise with acid. Absorb in vermiculite, dry sand or earth and place into containers. Containers with collected spillage must be properly labelled with correct contents and hazard symbol. Flush contaminated area with plenty of water. Wash thoroughly after dealing with a spillage. Do not empty into drains.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Reference to other sections

For personal protection, see Section 8. See Section 11 for additional information on health hazards. See Section 12 for additional information on ecological hazards. For waste disposal, see Section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Usage precautions

Read and follow manufacturer's recommendations. Avoid inhalation of vapours/spray and contact with skin and eyes. Good personal hygiene procedures should be implemented. Observe any occupational exposure limits for the product or ingredients. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. Handle all packages and containers carefully to minimise spills. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not handle broken packages without protective equipment. Do not reuse empty containers.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Wash promptly if skin becomes contaminated. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. Change work clothing daily before leaving workplace.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage precautions Keep only in the original container. Keep container tightly closed, in a cool, well ventilated

place. Keep containers upright. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10).

Storage class Chemical storage.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Specific end use(s) The identified uses for this product are detailed in Section 1.2.

SECTION 8: Exposure Controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

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Occupational exposure limits

sodium hydroxide

Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 2 mg/m³

Ethanol

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 1000 ppm 1920 mg/m³ WEL = Workplace Exposure Limit

8.2. Exposure controls

Protective equipment





Appropriate engineering controls

Provide adequate ventilation. All handling should only take place in well-ventilated areas. Avoid inhalation of vapours and spray/mists.

Eye/face protection

Eyewear complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates eye contact is possible. Unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection is required, the following protection should be worn: Tight-fitting safety glasses. Personal protective equipment for eye and face protection should comply with European Standard EN166.

Hand protection

Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates skin contact is possible. The most suitable glove should be chosen in consultation with the glove supplier/manufacturer, who can provide information about the breakthrough time of the glove material. To protect hands from chemicals, gloves should comply with European Standard EN374. Considering the data specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are retaining their protective properties and change them as soon as any deterioration is detected. Frequent changes are recommended.

Other skin and body protection

Appropriate footwear and additional protective clothing complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates skin contamination is possible.

Hygiene measures

Provide eyewash station and safety shower. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Clean equipment and the work area every day. Good personal hygiene procedures should be implemented. Wash at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Warn cleaning personnel of any hazardous properties of the product.

Respiratory protection

Respiratory protection complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates inhalation of contaminants is possible. Ensure all respiratory protective equipment is suitable for its intended use and is 'CE'-marked. Check that the respirator fits tightly and the filter is changed regularly.

Environmental exposure controls

Keep container tightly sealed when not in use. Residues and empty containers should be taken care of as hazardous waste according to local and national provisions.

SECTION 9: Physical and Chemical Properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance Clear liquid.

Colour Colourless.

Odour threshold Not determined.

pH pH (concentrated solution): 12

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Melting point Not relevant.

Initial boiling point and range Not determined.

Flash point Not determined.

Evaporation rate Not determined.

Evaporation factor Not determined.

Upper/lower flammability or Not

explosive limits

Flammability (solid, gas)

Not relevant.

Not relevant.

Not relevant.

Vapour pressure Not determined.

Vapour density Not relevant.

Relative density Not determined.

Bulk density 839.1 kg/m³

Partition coefficient Not determined.

Auto-ignition temperature Not relevant.

Viscosity Not determined.

Explosive properties Not considered to be explosive.

Oxidising properties The mixture itself has not been tested but none of the ingredient substances meet the criteria

for classification as oxidising.

9.2. Other information

Decomposition Temperature

Other information No information required.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Reactivity The reactivity data for this product will be typical of those for the following class of materials:

Alkalis.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stability Stable at normal ambient temperatures and when used as recommended.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

products

S

Will not polymerise.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid Avoid excessive heat for prolonged periods of time.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid Avoid contact with the following materials: Acids. Strong oxidising agents. Do not mix with

other household chemical products.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition

None at ambient temperatures. Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include

the following substances: Oxides of carbon. Oxides of nitrogen.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity - oral

Notes (oral LD₅o) Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

ATE oral (mg/kg) 11,995.76

Acute toxicity - dermal

Notes (dermal LD₅₀) Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Acute toxicity - inhalation

Notes (inhalation LC50) Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

ATE inhalation (gases ppm) 281,285.16

Skin corrosion/irritation

Skin corrosion/irritationBased on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Serious eye damage/irritation

Serious eye damage/irritation Causes serious eye irritation.

Respiratory sensitisation

Respiratory sensitisationBased on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisationBased on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Genotoxicity - in vitroBased on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Genotoxicity - in vivoBased on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity

Carcinogenicity Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive toxicity

Reproductive toxicity - fertility Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive toxicity -

Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

development

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

STOT - single exposure Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

STOT - repeated exposure Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Aspiration hazard

Aspiration hazard Not anticipated to present an aspiration hazard, based on chemical structure.

Toxicological information on ingredients.

Tetrasodium ethylenediaminetetraacetate

Acute toxicity - oral

Acute toxicity oral (LD50

1,913.0

mg/kg)

Species Rat

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ATE oral (mg/kg) 1,913.0

Acute toxicity - inhalation

ATE inhalation (gases 4,500.0

ppm)

Quaternary ammonium compounds, benzyl-C12-18-alkyldimethyl, chlorides

Acute toxicity - oral

Notes (oral LD₅₀) Acute Tox. 4 - H302 Harmful if swallowed. Converted acute toxicity point estimate

(cATpE)

ATE oral (mg/kg) 500.0

Skin corrosion/irritation

Animal data Skin Corr. 1B - H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

Serious eye damage/irritation

Serious eye Eye Dam. 1 - H318 Causes serious eye damage.

damage/irritation

Quaternary ammonium compounds, C12-14-alkyl[(ethylphenyl)methyl]dimethyl, chlorides

Acute toxicity - oral

Notes (oral LD₅₀) Acute Tox. 4 - H302 Harmful if swallowed. Converted acute toxicity point estimate

(cATpE)

ATE oral (mg/kg) 500.0

Acute toxicity - dermal

Notes (dermal LD₅₀) Acute Tox. 4 - H312 Harmful in contact with skin. Converted acute toxicity point

estimate (cATpE)

ATE dermal (mg/kg) 1,100.0

Skin corrosion/irritation

Animal data Skin Corr. 1B - H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

Serious eye damage/irritation

Serious eye Eye Dam. 1 - H318 Causes serious eye damage.

damage/irritation

sodium hydroxide

Skin corrosion/irritation

Animal data Skin Corr. 1A - H314

Serious eye damage/irritation

Serious eye Dose: 0.1 ml (2%), 1 second, Rabbit REACH dossier information. Eye Dam. 1 -

damage/irritation H318

Skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation Patch test - Human: Not sensitising. REACH dossier information.

Aspiration hazard

Aspiration hazard Not anticipated to present an aspiration hazard, based on chemical structure.

Ethanol

Acute toxicity - oral

Acute toxicity oral (LD₅o

mg/kg)

10.470.0

Species

Notes (oral LD₅₀) REACH dossier information.

Rat

ATE oral (mg/kg) 10,470.0

Acute toxicity - inhalation

Acute toxicity inhalation

(LC₅₀ vapours mg/l)

116.9

Species Rat

Notes (inhalation LC₅₀) REACH dossier information.

ATE inhalation (vapours

mg/l)

116.9

Skin corrosion/irritation

Animal data Dose: 0.2 ml, 24 hours, Rabbit Primary dermal irritation index: 0 REACH dossier

information. Not irritating.

Serious eye damage/irritation

Serious eye

Not irritating.

damage/irritation

Germ cell mutagenicity

Genotoxicity - in vitro

Gene mutation: Negative. REACH dossier information.

Genotoxicity - in vivo

Chromosome aberration: Negative. REACH dossier information.

Carcinogenicity

IARC carcinogenicity IARC Group 1 Carcinogenic to humans.

Reproductive toxicity

Reproductive toxicity -

NOAEL 10 %, Oral, Mouse F1 REACH dossier information.

Reproductive toxicity -

development

fertility

Maternal toxicity: - NOAEL: 16000 ppm, Inhalation, Rat REACH dossier information.

Two-generation study - NOAEL 15 %, Oral, Mouse P Two-generation study -

Amines, C12-18-alkyldimethyl

Acute toxicity - oral

Acute toxicity oral (LD₅o

mg/kg)

1,300.0

Species Rat

ATE oral (mg/kg) 1,300.0

SECTION 12: Ecological Information

12.1. Toxicity

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Toxicity Not regarded as dangerous for the environment. However, large or frequent spills may have

hazardous effects on the environment.

Ecological information on ingredients.

Alcohols, C12-15, ethoxylated

Acute aquatic toxicity

LE(C)₅₀ $0.1 < L(E)C50 \le 1$

M factor (Acute)

Quaternary ammonium compounds, benzyl-C12-18-alkyldimethyl, chlorides

Acute aquatic toxicity

LE(C)₅₀ $0.01 < L(E)C50 \le 0.1$

M factor (Acute) 10

Quaternary ammonium compounds, C12-14-alkyl[(ethylphenyl)methyl]dimethyl, chlorides

Toxicity Aquatic Acute 1 - H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

Acute aquatic toxicity

LE(C)₅₀ $0.01 < L(E)C50 \le 0.1$

M factor (Acute) 10

sodium hydroxide

Acute aquatic toxicity

Acute toxicity - fish LC₅₀, 48 hours: 189 mg/l, Leuciscus idus (Golden orfe)

Acute toxicity - aquatic

EC₅₀, 48 hours: 40.4 mg/l, Ceriodaphnia

invertebrates

REACH dossier information.

Ethanol

Acute aquatic toxicity

Acute toxicity - fish LC₅₀, 96 hours: 14200 mg/l, Pimephales promelas (Fat-head Minnow)

LC₀, 96 hours: 7960 mg/l, Pimephales promelas (Fat-head Minnow)

REACH dossier information.

Acute toxicity - aquatic

LC₅₀, 48 hours: 5012 mg/l, Ceriodaphnia

invertebrates

REACH dossier information.

Acute toxicity - aquatic

plants

 EC_{50} , 96 hours: 675 mg/l, Freshwater algae EC_{50} , 72 hours: 275 mg/l, Freshwater algae

EC₁₀₀, 72 hours: 14200 mg/l, Freshwater algae

REACH dossier information.

Chronic aquatic toxicity

Chronic toxicity - aquatic

NOEC, 9 days: 9.6 mg/l, Daphnia magna

invertebrates

REACH dossier information.

Amines, C12-18-alkyldimethyl

Acute aquatic toxicity

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LE(C)₅₀ $0.001 < L(E)C50 \le 0.01$

M factor (Acute) 100

Chronic aquatic toxicity

M factor (Chronic) 1

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Persistence and degradability The surfactant(s) contained in this product complies(comply) with the biodegradability criteria

as laid down in Regulation (EC) No. 648/2004 on detergents. Data to support this assertion are held at the disposal of the competent authorities of the Member States and will be made available to them at their direct request, or at the request of a detergent manufacturer.

Ecological information on ingredients.

Ethanol

Biodegradation Water - Degradation (~74%): 5 days

Water - Degradation (~95%): 15 days Water - Degradation (~84%): 20 days

REACH dossier information.

The substance is readily biodegradable.

Chemical oxygen demand 1.99 g O₂/g substance REACH dossier information.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulative potential No data available on bioaccumulation.

Partition coefficient Not determined.

Ecological information on ingredients.

sodium hydroxide

Bioaccumulative potential The product is not bioaccumulating.

Ethanol

Partition coefficient log Pow: -0.35 REACH dossier information.

12.4. Mobility in soil

Mobility The product is soluble in water.

Ecological information on ingredients.

Ethanol

Surface tension 24.5 mN/m @ 20°C REACH dossier information.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Results of PBT and vPvB

This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.

assessment

12.6. Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects Not relevant.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

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General information

The generation of waste should be minimised or avoided wherever possible. Reuse or recycle products wherever possible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Disposal of this product, process solutions, residues and by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any local authority requirements. When handling waste, the safety precautions applying to handling of the product should be considered. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been thoroughly cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues and hence be potentially hazardous.

Disposal methods

Neutralise waste with diluted hydrochloric acid. Avoid the spillage or runoff entering drains, sewers or watercourses. Waste, residues, empty containers, discarded work clothes and contaminated cleaning materials should be collected in designated containers, labelled with their contents. Dispose of surplus products and those that cannot be recycled via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

SECTION 14: Transport information

General

The product is not covered by international regulations on the transport of dangerous goods (IMDG, IATA, ADR/RID).

14.1. UN number

Not applicable.

14.2. UN proper shipping name

Not applicable.

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

No transport warning sign required.

14.4. Packing group

Not applicable.

14.5. Environmental hazards

Environmentally hazardous substance/marine pollutant

No.

14.6. Special precautions for user

Not applicable.

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

Transport in bulk according to Not applicable.

Annex II of MARPOL 73/78

and the IBC Code

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

National regulations EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits.

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EU legislation

Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16

December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures (as

amended).

Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18 December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of

Chemicals (REACH) (as amended).

Commission Regulation (EU) No 2015/830 of 28 May 2015.

Regulation (EC) No 648/2004 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 31 March

2004 on detergents (as amended).

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No chemical safety assessment has been carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information

Abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet

ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by

Road

ADN: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by

Inland Waterways.

RID: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by

Rail.

IATA: International Air Transport Association.

ICAO: Technical Instructions for the Safe Transport of Dangerous Goods by Air.

IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods.

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service.

ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate.

LC₅o: Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population.

LD₅o: Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose).

EC₅₀: 50% of maximal Effective Concentration.

PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance.

vPvB: Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative.

Classification abbreviations and acronyms

Acute Tox. = Acute toxicity

Aquatic Acute = Hazardous to the aquatic environment (acute)

Aquatic Chronic = Hazardous to the aquatic environment (chronic)

Asp. Tox. = Aspiration hazard

Carc. = Carcinogenicity

Eye Dam. = Serious eye damage

Eye Irrit. = Eye irritation

Flam. Liq. = Flammable liquid

Met. Corr. = Corrosive to metals

Muta. = Germ cell mutagenicity
Org. Perox. = Organic peroxide

Ox. Gas = Oxidising gas

Ox. Liq. = Oxidising liquid

Ox. Sol. = Oxidising solid

Repr. = Reproductive toxicity

Skin Corr. = Skin corrosion

Skin Irrit. = Skin irritation Skin Sens. = Skin sensitisation

STOT RE = Specific target organ toxicity-repeated exposure

STOT SE = Specific target organ toxicity-single exposure

Classification procedures according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008

Eye Irrit. 2 - H319: Calculation method.

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Revision comments This is the first issue.

Revision date 22/01/2018

SDS number 635

Hazard statements in full H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H302 Harmful if swallowed.

H312 Harmful in contact with skin.

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H318 Causes serious eye damage. H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H332 Harmful if inhaled. H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

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